

**AUDITORS' REPORT  
AND  
THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
OF  
GEMINI SEA FOOD PLC**

*For the year ended June 30, 2024*



**PrimeGlobal**

*An Association of  
Independent Accounting Firms*

**Independent Auditors' Report**  
**To the Shareholders of**  
**GEMINI SEA FOOD PLC**  
**Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

**Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the Financial Statements of "GEMINI SEA FOOD PLC" which comprise the Statement of Financial Position as at June 30, 2024 and Statement of Profit or Loss & Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, except the matter described in the basis for qualified section of our report, the accompanying Financial Statements give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the Financial Position of the company as at June 30, 2024, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs), The Companies Act 1994, The Securities and Exchange Rules 2020 and other applicable laws and regulations.

**Basis for Qualified Opinion**

We draw attention to note number 19.00 to the notes to the financial statements regarding sales revenue which is mismatch with submitted VAT Return. Management informed It's happened by the fraction of dollar rate but we couldn't confirm the amount. However, we have confirmed the said amount from Export certificate.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISA). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the 'International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Bangladesh, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

**Emphasis of Matter**

Without modifying our opinion, we are drawing attention to the following matters:

We draw attention to note number 19.00 of the notes to financial statements regarding local sales. We have observed that Company has shown Taka 109,954,564 as local sales which is 6% of Total sales. However, we have confirmed the local sales based on provided documents.

**Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Financial Statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Financial Statements as a whole, and informing our opinion thereon, and we do not provide separate opinion on these matters.

Risk	Our response to the risk
<b>Revenue Recognition</b>	
<p>We identified revenue recognition as key audit matter and a significant risk of material misstatement because of the risk related to the timing and accuracy of the recognized amounts of revenue. The total revenue generated for the year ended was Taka <b>65,53,89,115</b>.</p> <p>The timing of the revenue recognition and realization increases the risk of exposure of revenue to foreign exchange fluctuations.</p> <p>There is a risk that invoices may be issued to local customers or Government &amp; Non-Government Institutional customers erroneously.</p> <p>There is also a risk that revenue may be overstated /understated due to the timing differences.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Our audit procedures comprised the testing of internal controls in connection with the revenue recognition including the application controls in the most important IT applications impacting the financial reporting. We performed analytical procedures that focused on analyzing the development of turnover. In addition, we performed audit procedures such as compared revenue transactions near year end to the supporting documentation, analyzed general ledger journal entries in order to identify abnormal entries as well as compared trade receivables to the payments received.</li> <li>➤ Segregation of duties in invoice creation and modification (if any) and timing of revenue recognition.</li> <li>➤ Obtaining supporting documents for sale transactions recognized during the year with the sale invoices and other relevant underlying documents.</li> </ul>
<p>We focused on this area as recognition of revenue involves significant judgment and estimates made by management including whether contracts contain multiple performance obligations which should be accounted for separately and the most appropriate method for recognition of revenue for identified performance obligations. This comprises allocation of consideration to the individual performance obligations of multi-element contracts as noted above, assessing whether performance obligations under supply and installation contracts are satisfied at a point in time or over time.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ We read a sample of contracts to assess whether the method for recognition of revenue was relevant and consistent with IFRS-15 and had been applied consistently. We focused on contract classification, allocation of income and cost to the individual performance obligations and timing of transfer of controls. Where a contract contained multiple elements, we considered Management's judgments as to whether they comprised performance obligations that should be accounted for separately and in such cases, challenged the judgments made in the allocation of the consideration to each performance obligation.</li> <li>➤ We evaluated and challenged the significant judgments and estimates made by management in applying the company's accounting policy to a sample specific contracts and separable performance obligations of contracts and we obtained evidence to support including details of contractual agreements, delivery records, receipts and project plans.</li> </ul>
<b>Please see to the Statement of profit or loss &amp; other Comprehensive Income.</b>	
<b>Valuation of Inventory</b>	
<p>As at June 30, 2024 the reported amount of inventory is Taka <b>46,04,16,202</b> held in pants &amp; warehouse.</p> <p>Most of the inventories are of specialized in nature and required to be maintained in controlled environment. Regular monitoring is required as the inventories are material by its value, quantity and its nature.</p> <p>On the reporting date, inventories are</p>	<p>We verified the appropriateness of, management's assumptions applied in calculating the value of the inventory as per International Accounting Standards (IASs) by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Evaluating the design and implementation of key inventory controls operating across the factory &amp; warehouse.</li> <li>➤ Attending inventory counts and reconciling the count results to the inventory listing to test the accuracy of data.</li> <li>➤ Along with inventory count we checked whether the inventories were maintained in good</li> </ul>

<p>carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value. As such, the companies apply judgment in determining the appropriate values of inventory in accordance with International Accounting Standards.</p> <p>Considering the risk as stated above the valuation of Inventory is a key audit matter to the Financial Statements.</p>	<p>condition and maintaining all compliances.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ We have reconciled the inventory with purchase production and sales to ensure the physically shown stock at the depots as on date were accurate.</li> <li>➤ Reviewing the historical accuracy of inventory provisioning and the level of inventory write-offs during the year.</li> <li>➤ Obtaining a detailed review with the subsequent sales to compare with the net realizable value.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Please see note no. 05 to the Financial Statements</b></p>	
<p><b>Valuation of Tangible Fixed Assets</b></p>	
<p>The carrying value of the tangible fixed assets is Tk.7,48,13,096 as at June 30, 2024. The valuation of tangible fixed assets was identified as a key audit matter due to significance of this balance to the Financial Statements.</p> <p>The expenditures are classified as an asset, if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.</p> <p>The useful lives of tangible fixed assets items are based on management's estimates regarding the period over which an asset is expected to be available for use. The estimates of the useful life of the assets are a matter of judgments based on the experience of the entity with similar assets and also take into consideration the physical condition of the assets.</p>	<p>Our audit included the following procedures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ We assessed whether the accounting policies in relation to the capitalization of expenditures are in compliance with IFRS and found them to be consistent.</li> <li>➤ We obtained a listing of capital expenditures incurred during the year and, on a sample basis, checked whether the items were procured during the year.</li> <li>➤ We evaluated whether the useful lives determined and applied by the management were in line with the nature of assets, the physical condition of the assets and its uses.</li> <li>➤ We checked whether the depreciation of tangible fixed assets items was commenced from the date of ready to use and found the depreciation had been started accordingly.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Please see note no. 03 to the Financial Statements</b></p>	
<p><b>Long Term Loan &amp; Short-Term Loan &amp; Overdraft</b></p>	
<p>As at June 30, 2024, the reported amount of total Short-term Borrowings is Taka 70,96,38,136.</p> <p>The company may face difficulties due to unfavorable movement in interest rate &amp; monetary policy that may result in short-term and cash flow crisis.</p>	<p>We have tested the design and operating effectiveness of key controls focusing on the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Obtaining an understanding of and assessing the design and operating effectiveness of controls designed to ensure the proper use of loan</li> <li>➤ We verified sanction letter, loan schedule bank statements to confirm the loan outstanding and found that the balance had been reported in the Financial Statements accurately.</li> <li>➤ We checked the financial expenses and classification of loan and repayment schedule on a test basis as well.</li> <li>➤ We checked the recording date of transactions and found the recording date is in line with the loan disbursement date.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Please see note no. 14 to the Financial Statements</b></p>	
<p><b>Recoverability Assessment of Bills Receivable</b></p>	
<p>The total amount of Bills Receivable is Taka 11,10,13,810 at 30 June 2024. There are significant large numbers of individual customers. Customers in different business</p>	<p>Our audit procedures of assess the recoverability of trade receivables including the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Tested the accuracy of aging of receivables at year end on a sample basis;</li> </ul>



<p>segments and jurisdictions are subject to their independent business risk</p> <p>The increasing challenges over the economy and operating environment in developing the software and sale of service during the year have increased the risks of default on receivables from the customers. Particularly, in the event of insolvency of customers, the company is exposed to potential risk of financial loss when the customers fail to meet their contractual obligations in accordance with the requirements of the agreements.</p> <p>Accordingly, we identified the recoverability of receivables as a key audit matter because of the significance of receivables to company's Financial Position and because of the significant degree of management judgment involved in evaluating the adequacy of the allowance for doubtful debts.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Evaluating the Company's policy for making allowance for doubtful debts with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards;</li> <li>➤ Assessing the classification of account receivables in the debtors ageing report by comparison with sales invoice and other underlying documentation on a taste basis;</li> <li>➤ Assessed the recoverability of the debtors on a sample basis through our evaluation of management's assessment with reference to the credit profile of the customers, historical payment pattern of customers and</li> <li>➤ Inspecting subsequent bank receipts from customers and other relevant underlying documentation relating to bills receivable balances at June 30, 2024.</li> </ul>
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**Please see note no. 07 to the Financial Statements**

**Evaluation of Intangible Assets**

<p>The intangible asset reported in the financial statements is Taka <b>67,57,002</b> which we identified as a key audit matter due to the significance of this balance to the financial statements along with its nature.</p> <p>The tangible assets include the purchased software license, implementation and integration and system development costs related to the software.</p> <p>Periodic impairment testing of these intangible requires determination of recoverable amounts and value in use. Both these values involve significant management's estimates and judgments that can give rise to material misstatements or management bias.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ We assessed the processes and controls put in place by the company over the review of intangible assets and its impairment analysis.</li> <li>➤ We obtained an understanding, evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of the key controls over the recognition of intangible assets, impairment testing including controls over market data inputs into valuation models, model governance and valuation adjustments.</li> <li>➤ We evaluated the appropriateness of future cash flows that is to be generated from the use of intangible assets.</li> <li>➤ Overall, we considered the measurement inputs and assumptions used by management to be in line with our expectations and to lie also within a range that we consider reasonable.</li> <li>➤ Finally assessed the appropriateness and presentation of disclosures against relevant accounting standards.</li> </ul>
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**Measurement of Deferred Tax Liabilities**

<p>The net deferred tax liability is totaling Taka <b>13,93,596</b> as at 30 June, 2024.</p> <p>Significant judgment is required in relation to deferred tax liabilities as it is dependent on forecast of future profitability over a number of years.</p>	<p>We additionally carried out the following substantive testing for this item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ We obtained an understanding, evaluated the design and tested the operational effectiveness of the Company's key controls over the recognition and measurement of deferred tax liabilities and the assumptions used in estimating the Company's future taxable income.</li> <li>➤ We involved tax specialists to assess key assumptions, controls, recognition and measurement of deferred tax liabilities.</li> <li>➤ We also assessed the appropriateness of presentation of disclosures against IAS-12 (Income Tax).</li> </ul>
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### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information in the annual report other than the Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### **Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements and Internal Controls**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the Financial Statements in accordance with IFRSs, The Companies Act 1994, The Securities and Exchange Rules 1987 and other applicable laws and regulations and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. The Companies Act, 1994 require the management to ensure effective internal audit, internal control and risk management functions of the company.

In preparing the Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we



are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and event in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the company to express an opinion on the Financial Statements we are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the company audit. We are solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

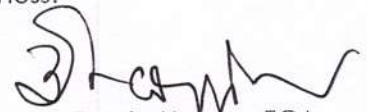
We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

**Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

In accordance with the Companies Act 1994, and The Securities and Exchange Rules 2020 and relevant notifications issues by Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission, we also report that:

- a) We have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit and made due verification thereof;
- b) In our opinion, proper books of accounts, records and other statutory books as required bylaw have been kept by the company so far as it appeared from our examinations of those books;
- c) The Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Profit or Loss & Other Comprehensive Income and Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows of the Company dealt with by the report are in agreement with the books of accounts and returns; and
- d) The expenditure incurred was for the purpose of the Company's business.



Fouzia Haque, FCA  
Partner

**FAMES & R**

Chartered Accountants  
DVC #2411181032AS959620


Date : 18 November, 2024  
Place : Dhaka



**GEMINI SEA FOOD PLC**  
**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**  
AS AT 30 JUNE, 2024

Particulars	Notes	Amount in Taka	
		30-Jun-2024	30-Jun-2023
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Non-Current Assets</b>		<b>81,570,098</b>	<b>82,286,587</b>
Property, Plant & Equipment	3.00	74,813,096	74,337,173
Intangible Assets	4.00	6,757,002	7,949,414
<b>Current Assets</b>		<b>947,102,213</b>	<b>798,319,356</b>
Inventories	5.00	460,416,202	455,960,106
Advances, Deposits & Pre-payments	6.00	322,075,760	231,792,431
Bills Receivable	7.00	111,013,810	49,064,743
Cash & Cash Equivalents	8.00	53,596,441	61,502,077
<b>Total</b>		<b>1,028,672,310</b>	<b>880,605,943</b>
<b>EQUITY &amp; LIABILITY</b>			
<b>Shareholders' Equity</b>		<b>210,324,546</b>	<b>152,823,676</b>
Share Capital	9.00	106,841,100	61,052,060
Retained Earnings	10.00	103,483,446	91,771,616
<b>Non-Current Liabilities</b>		<b>11,931,516</b>	<b>17,479,873</b>
Deferred Tax Liabilities	11.00	1,393,596	2,119,393
Long Term Loan-Non current Maturity	12.00	10,537,920	15,360,480
<b>Current Liabilities</b>		<b>806,416,248</b>	<b>710,302,394</b>
Long Term Loan-Current Maturity	12.01	5,388,900	14,718,292
Short Term Loan	13.00	709,638,136	598,346,678
Trading Liabilities	14.00	38,268,735	58,747,081
Liabilities for Expenses	15.00	10,579,451	8,782,817
Unclaimed dividend	16.00	488,486	219,280
Provision for Tax	17.00	33,597,011	20,496,094
Workers' Profit Participation Fund	18.00	8,455,530	8,992,152
<b>Total</b>		<b>1,028,672,310</b>	<b>880,605,943</b>
Net Asset Value per Share	28.00	19.69	14.30

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

  
Chairman

  
Managing Director

  
Chief Financial Officer

  
Company Secretary

Signed in terms of separate report of even date.

Dated: 18 November, 2024  
Place: Dhaka

  
FAMES & R  
Chartered Accountants  
DVC# 2411181032AS959620





**GEMINI SEA FOOD PLC**  
**STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
FOR THE ENDED 30 JUNE, 2024

Particulars	Notes	Amount in Taka	
		30-Jun-2024	30-Jun-2023
<b>Revenue</b>	19.00	655,389,115	776,522,372
Cost of Goods Sold	20.00	486,034,887	573,295,385
<b>Gross Profit/(Loss)</b>		<b>169,354,228</b>	<b>203,226,987</b>
<b>Operating Expenses</b>		<b>39,301,013</b>	<b>40,092,216</b>
Administrative Expenses	21.00	22,114,399	23,377,427
Selling & Marketing Expenses	22.00	17,186,614	16,714,789
<b>Operating Income</b>		<b>130,053,215</b>	<b>163,134,771</b>
Other Income	23.00	13,982,768	7,034,801
Financial Expenses	24.00	78,640,054	57,999,375
<b>Net Profit/(Loss) before WPPF</b>		<b>65,395,929</b>	<b>112,170,196</b>
Contribution to Workers' Profit Participation Fund	25.00	3,114,092	5,341,438
<b>Net Profit/(Loss) before Tax</b>		<b>62,281,837</b>	<b>106,828,758</b>
<b>Income Tax Expenses</b>	26.00	<b>12,375,120</b>	<b>12,390,547</b>
Current Tax	26.01	13,100,917	12,819,451
Deferred Tax	26.02	(725,797)	(428,904)
<b>Net Profit/(Loss) after Tax</b>		<b>49,906,717</b>	<b>94,438,211</b>
<b>Earnings per Share</b>	<b>27.00</b>	<b>4.67</b>	<b>8.84</b>

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

 Chairman  
 Managing Director  
 Chief Financial Officer  
 Company Secretary

Signed in terms of separate report of even date.

Dated: 18 November, 2024  
Place: Dhaka

  
**FAMES & R**  
 Chartered Accountants  
 DVC# 2411181032AS959620



**GEMINI SEA FOOD PLC**  
**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**  
FOR THE ENDED 30 JUNE, 2024

Particulars	Share Capital	Retained Earnings	Total
<b>Balance as on 01-07-2023</b>	<b>61,052,060</b>	<b>91,771,616</b>	<b>152,823,676</b>
Prior Year Adjustment	-	16,140,291	16,140,291
Bonus Share/Stock Dividend	45,789,040	(45,789,040)	-
Cash Dividend	-	(8,546,138)	(8,546,138)
Net Profit/ Loss for the period	-	49,906,717	49,906,717
<b>Balance as on 30-06-2024</b>	<b>106,841,100</b>	<b>103,483,446</b>	<b>210,324,546</b>
<b>Balance as on 01-07-2022</b>	<b>46,963,120</b>	<b>14,538,549</b>	<b>61,501,669</b>
Bonus Share/Stock Dividend	14,088,940	(14,088,940)	-
Cash Dividend	-	(3,116,204)	(3,116,204)
Net Profit/ Loss for the period	-	94,438,211	94,438,211
<b>Balance as on 30-06-2023</b>	<b>61,052,060</b>	<b>91,771,616</b>	<b>152,823,676</b>

  
Chairman

  
Managing Director

  
Chief Financial Officer

  
Company Secretary

Dated: 18 November, 2024  
Place: Dhaka



GEMINI SEA FOOD PLC  
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS  
FOR THE ENDED 30 JUNE, 2024

Particulars	Notes	Amount in Taka	
		30-Jun-2024	30-Jun-2023
<b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</b>			
Receipts from Customers & Others		609,580,339	773,216,458
Cash received from others		13,982,768	7,034,801
Paid to Suppliers, Employees & Others		(613,039,616)	(704,487,277)
Interest Paid		(78,640,054)	(57,999,375)
Dividend Paid during the year		(9,504,497)	(3,034,279)
Income Taxes Paid		(23,797,783)	(13,493,420)
<b>Net Cash Generated from Operating Activities</b>		<b>(101,418,842)</b>	<b>1,236,908</b>
<b>Cash Flows from Investing Activities</b>			
Acquisition of Property, Plant & Equipment		(3,626,300)	(1,791,982)
<b>Net Cash used in Investing Activities</b>		<b>(3,626,300)</b>	<b>(1,791,982)</b>
<b>Cash Flows from Financing Activities</b>			
Long term loan		(14,151,952)	28,270,105
Short Term Loan from/(Repayment)		111,291,458	(44,564,601)
Finance Lease		-	(1,252,316)
<b>Net Cash Generated from Financing Activities</b>		<b>97,139,506</b>	<b>(17,546,812)</b>
<b>Net Cash Increase/decrease in Cash &amp; Cash Equivalents</b>		<b>(7,905,637)</b>	<b>(18,101,886)</b>
<b>Cash &amp; Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the period</b>		<b>61,502,077</b>	<b>79,603,963</b>
<b>Cash &amp; Cash Equivalents at the End of the period</b>		<b>53,596,441</b>	<b>61,502,077</b>
<b>Net Operating Cash Flows per Share</b>	29	<b>(9.49)</b>	<b>0.12</b>

  
Chairman

  
Managing Director

  
Chief Financial Officer

  
Company Secretary

Dated: 18 November, 2024  
Place: Dhaka



**Gemini Sea Foods PLC**  
**Notes, Comprising a Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other**  
**Explanatory Information**  
for the year ended 30 June, 2024

**1.00 The Company & It's Operations:**

**1.01 Legal form of the Company**

**Gemini Sea Foods PLC** is a Public Limited Company registered under the Companies Act VII, 1913, (Replaced by 1994). The Company was incorporated in Bangladesh on 16.09.1982 Vide Registration No. C-10241. The Company is listed with Dhaka Stock Exchange Limited (DSE) in the year 1985.

**1.02 Address of the Registered & Corporate Office**

The Registered Office is located at House#44, Road#16 (Old#27), Dhanmondi, Dhaka-1209 and the Factory is located at Village & Post: Jabusha, Police Station: Rupsha, District: Khulna.

**1.03 Nature of Business Activities**

The Company owns and operates a modern Shrimps Processing Plant and exports 100% of its products in the foreign markets.

**2.00 Summary of Significant Accounting & Valuation Principles:**

**2.01 Basis of Preparation & Presentation of the Financial Statements**

The financial statements have been prepared and the disclosures of information were made in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 1994 and IAS and IFRS. The Statement of Financial Position and Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income have been prepared according to IAS-1 "Presentation of Financial Statements" based on accrual basis of accounting following going concern assumption under generally accepted accounting principles and practices in Bangladesh and Statement of Cash Flows according to IAS-7 "Statement Cash Flows".

**2.02 Accounting Convention & Assumption**

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

**2.03 Principal Accounting Policies**

The specific accounting policies have been selected and applied by the Company's management for significant transactions and events that have a material effect within the Framework for preparation and presentation of the financial statements. Financial statements have been prepared and presented in compliance with IAS-1 "Presentation of Financial Statements". The previous year's figures were formulated according to the same accounting principles. Compared to the previous year, there were no significant changes in the accounting and valuation policies affecting the financial position and performance of the Company. However, changes made to the presentation are explained in the note for each respective item. Accounting and valuation methods are disclosed for reasons of clarity. The Company classified the expenses using the function of expenses method as per IAS-1.

**2.03.1 Legal Compliance**

The financial statements have been prepared and the disclosures of information were made in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 1994, Securities and Exchange Rules 2020, Income Tax Act 2023, Income Tax Rules, 2023, Value Added Tax & Supplementary Duty Act, 2012, Value Added Tax & Supplementary Rules, 2016, Listing Regulations of Dhaka Stock Exchange Limited (DSE) and IASs. On the basis of these regulations, International Accounting Standards (IAS) & International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) were applied with the applicable standards at the Statement of Financial Position date.

**2.03.2 Critical Accounting Estimates, Assumptions & Judgments**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies.

**2.04 Going Concern**

The Company has adequate resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future. For these reasons the directors continue to adopt going concern basis in preparing the financial statements. The current credit facilities and resources of the Company provides sufficient fund to meet the present requirements of existing business.

**2.05 Off Setting**

"In compliance to IAS-1 and IAS-32, offsetting is done for a particular vendor or customer when the following conditions are met:

- Each of the two parties owes the other determinable amounts;
- The entity has the right to set off against the amount owed by other party;
- The entity intends to offset;
- The right of setoff is legally enforceable."

**2.06 Components of the Financial Statements**

According to the International Accounting Standards (IAS)-1 "Presentation of Financial Statements" the complete set of Financial Statements includes the following components":

- Statement of Financial Position;
- Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income;
- Statement of Changes in Equity;
- Statement of Cash Flows; and
- Accounting Policies and Explanatory Notes.

**2.07 Application of Standards**

The following IASs & IFRSs are applicable for the financial statements for the year under review:

- IAS-1 Presentation of Financial Statements;
- IAS-2 Inventories;
- IAS-7 Cash Flow Statements;
- IAS-8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors;
- IAS-10 Events after the Balance Sheet Date;
- IAS-12 Income Taxes;
- IAS-16 Property, Plant & Equipment;
- IAS-18 Revenue;
- IAS-21 The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates;
- IAS-23 Borrowing Costs;
- IAS-24 Related Parties Disclosure;
- IAS-32 Financial Instruments: Presentation;
- IAS-33 Earnings per Share;
- IAS-36 Impairment of Assets;
- IAS-37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets;
- IAS-38 Intangible Assets;
- IFRS-7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures;
- IFRS-9 Financial Instrument;
- IFRS-15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers;
- IFRS 16 Leases.



**2.08 Property, Plant & Equipment**

**a. Recognition and Measurement**

In compliance with IAS-16 (Property, Plant & Equipment) items of Property, Plant & Equipment (PPE), excluding land are initially measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Land is measured at cost. The cost of an item of PPE comprises its purchase price, import duties and non-refundable taxes after deducting trade discount and rebates and any costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the intended manner.

**b. Capitalization of Borrowing Cost**

Finance costs that are directly attributable to the construction of plants are included in the cost of those plants in compliance with IAS-23: Borrowing Cost, allowed alternative treatment.

**c. Subsequent Costs**

The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Company and its cost can be measured reliably. The cost of the day to day maintaining cost on PPE is recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income as incurred.

**d. Depreciation**

No depreciation has been charged on land and land development. Consistently, depreciation is provided on diminishing balance method based on written down value at which the asset is carried in the books of account. Depreciation continues to be provided until such time as the written down value is reduced to Taka one. each item of PPE is depreciated when the asset become available for us. In case of disposals, no depreciation is charged in the month of disposal. The depreciation/amortization rate(s) are as follows:

<b>Category of Fixed Assets</b>	<b>Rate</b>
Land & Land Development	0%
Plant & Machinery	10 %
Building & Construction	5 %
Electrical Fittings	10 %
Deep Tube Well	10 %
Furniture & Fixture	5 %
Vehicles	15 %
Loose Tools	10 %
Fire Fighting Equipment	10 %
Office Equipment	15 %
Laboratory Instruments	20 %

**e. Retirements and Disposals**

An asset is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use and subsequent disposal. Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized as gain and loss from disposal of asset under other income in the Statement of of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

**2.09 Intangible Assets**

Intangible assets include IT software which is used to maintain Company's accounts.



**a. Recognition and Measurement**

Intangible assets are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment loss, if any. It is recognized if it is probable that future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the enterprise and cost of the assets can be measured reliably as required by IAS-38: Intangible assets. The cost of the Intangible assets comprises its purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the assets.

**b. Subsequent Costs**

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditures are recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income when incurred.

**c. Amortization**

Amortization is recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income on diminishing balance method based on written down value at which the asset is carried in the books of account. Amortization continues to be provided until such time as the written down value is reduced to Taka one.

**2.10 Impairment of Assets**

All assets have been reviewed according to IAS-36 and it was confirmed that no such assets have been impaired during the period and for this reason no provision has been made for impairment of assets.

**2.11 Inventories**

Inventories are assets held for sale in the ordinary course of business, in the process of production for such sale or in the form of materials or supplies to be consumed in the production process. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value in compliance to the requirements of Para 21 and 25 of IAS-2. Costs including an appropriate portion of fixed and variable overhead expenses are assigned inventories by the method most appropriate to the particular class of inventory. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price for the inventories less all estimated cost of completion and cost necessary to make the sale. Item wise valuation is as follows:

**Category of Inventories**

**Basis of Valuation**

Packing & Consumable Stores

At Weighted Average Cost

Finished Goods

At Standard Cost

Standard cost comprises value of materials, standard activity cost and overheads.

**2.12 Cash & Cash Equivalents**

Cash & cash equivalents include cash in hand, cash at banks, term deposits which are available for use by the Company without any restrictions. There is an insignificant risk of change in value of the same.

**2.13 Accounts Receivable**

Receivables are carried at original invoice amount. This is considered good for collection and therefore, no amount was written off as bad debt and no debt was considered doubtful to provide for.

**2.14 Financial Instrument**

A financial instrument is a contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument in another entity. Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs

directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in statement of comprehensive income.

**2.15 Leases**

The company has adopted IFRS 16 from 01 January, 2019. The standard replaces IAS 17 "Leases" and for lessees eliminates the classifications of operating leases and finance leases. Except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets, right-of-use assets and corresponding lease liabilities are recognized in the statements of financial position. Straight-line operating lease expenses recognition is replaced with a depreciation charge for the right-of-use assets (including in operating cost) and an interest expense on the recognized lease liabilities (including in finance costs).

**2.16 Creditors & Accrued Expenses:**

**2.16.1 Trade & Other Payables**

Liabilities are recorded at the amount payable for settlement in respect of goods and services received by the Company.

**2.16.2 Provision**

The preparation of financial statements is in conformity with International Accounting Standards, IAS-37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure requirements for contingent assets and liabilities during and at the date of the financial statements.

**2.17 Employees' Benefit**

Employees of the Company are entitled to get the following benefits from the Company:

**a. Festival Bonus**

The Company gives 02 festival bonuses to its permanent employees in a year.

**b. Workers' Profit Participation Fund**

This represents 5% of the net profit after charging such contribution but before tax contribution by the Company as per provisions of Bangladesh Labour Act (Amendments), 2013 and is payable to the workers as define in the said Law.

**2.18 Authorization date for issuing Financial Statements**

The financial statements were authorized by the Board of Directors on 27 October, 2024 for issue after completion of review.

**2.19 Income Tax:**

**2.19.1 Current Tax**

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years. Gemini Sea Food Ltd. as a Publicly Traded Company"; hence the applicable tax rate is 20%. All income of the company comes from export sales and AIT was deducted by the bank on the sale proceed. Income of the company assessed u/s 163 of the ITA 2023. Considering the AIT as final tax liability and as the tax is already paid it is charged in the Income Statement.

**2.19.2 Deferred Tax**

Deferred tax is recognized on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit and are accounted for using the Statement of Financial Position as liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits



will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized. CPL recognized deferred tax liabilities for all taxable temporary differences.

**2.20 Contingent Liabilities & Assets**

Contingent liabilities and assets are current or possible obligations or assets, arising from past events and whose existence is due to the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events which are not within the control of the Company. In accordance with IAS-37 Provision, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

**2.21 Revenue Recognition**

Moment of recognition, amount to be recognized and disclosures requirements of revenue has been made as per IFRS-15 "Revenue Recognition".

- The company recognized sales when risks and rewards are transferred to the buyers;
- Interest income on bank deposit and short-term investments is recognized on receipts or due basis;
- Other income is recognized on receipt or due basis.

**2.22 Borrowing Costs**

In compliance with the requirements of IAS-23 "Borrowing Costs", borrowing costs of operational period on long term loan and short-term loan facilities from commercial banks was charged off as revenue expenditure as they incurred.

**2.23 Foreign Currency Translation**

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to Bangladesh Taka at the foreign exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities are converted at the rates prevailing at the Statement of Financial Position date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, stated at historical cost are translated into Bangladesh Taka at the exchange rate ruling at the date of transaction.

**2.24 Statements of Cash Flows**

Statement of Cash Flows is prepared principally in accordance with IAS-7: Cash Flow Statements and the cash flows from operating activities have been presented under direct method.

**2.25 Statement of Changes in Equity**

The Statement of Changes in Equity reflects information about the increase or decrease in net assets or wealth.

**2.26 Earnings Per Share**

The Company calculates Earnings per Share (EPS) in accordance with IAS-33: "Earning per Share", which has been shown on the face of Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, and the computation of EPS is stated in the note.

**2.26.1 Basic Earnings**

This represents earnings for the year attributable to the ordinary shareholders. As there was no preference dividend, minority interest or extra ordinary items, the net profit after tax for the period has been considered as fully attributable to ordinary shareholders.

**2.26.2 Basic Earnings Per Share**

This has been calculated by dividing the basic earnings by weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

**2.26.3 Diluted Earnings per Share**

No diluted EPS is required to be calculated for the year, as there was no scope for dilution during the period under review.

**2.27 Comparative**

Financial statements are presented as IAS-1 "Presentation of Financial Statements" and previous year's figures have been restated due to changes in some accounting policies as per IAS-8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors".

**2.28 Reporting Period**

The financial statements cover one year from 01 July, 2023 to 30 June, 2024.

**2.29 Segment Reporting**

No segmental reporting is applicable for the company as required by IAS-14: "Segment Reporting" as the company operates in a single industry segment and within a single geographical territory.

**2.30 Related Party Transactions**

The objective of IAS-24 'Related Party Disclosures' is to ensure that an entity's financial statements contain the disclosures necessary to draw attention to the possibility that its financial position and profit or loss may have been affected by the existence of related parties and by transactions and outstanding balances with such parties.

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or to exercise significant influence or joint control over the other party in making financial and operating decisions.

A party is related to an entity if: [IAS-24] directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the entity has an interest in the entity that gives it significant influence over the entity, has joint control over the entity, the party is a member of the key management personnel of the entity or its parent, the party is a close member of the family of any individual, the party is an entity that is controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by or for which significant voting power in such entity resides with, directly or indirectly, any individual and the party is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of the entity.

The Company transacts with related parties and recognize as per IAS-24 'Related Party Disclosures'. Related party transactions have been disclosed in financial statements.

**2.31 Interest paid and other Expenses**

Interest paid and other expenses are recognized on accrual basis. But, the bank charged no interest during the period for rescheduling process.

**2.32 Repair upkeep and Maintenance Charges**

There are usually absorbed as revenue charges as and when incurred.

**2.33 General**

Wherever considered necessary, previous period's figures have been rearranged for the purpose of comparison;

Figures appearing in the financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest Taka.



Amount in Taka	
30-Jun-2024	30-Jun-2023

**3.00 Property, Plant & Equipment:**

**Cost:**

**Opening Balance**

Add: Addition during the period/year

**Closing Balance**

182,752,546      180,960,564

3,626,300      1,791,982

**186,378,846      182,752,546**

**Depreciation:**

Opening Balance

Add: Addition during the period/year

**Closing Balance**

Written down value

108,415,373      105,350,306

3,150,377      3,065,067

**111,565,750      108,415,373**

**74,813,096      74,337,173**

Details are given in Annexure-A with the report.

**4.00 Intangible Assets:**

**Cost:**

**Opening Balance**

Add: Addition during the period/year

**Closing Balance**

10,180,000      10,180,000

-      -

**10,180,000      10,180,000**

**Depreciation:**

**Opening Balance**

Add: Addition during the period/year

**Closing Balance**

Written down value

2,230,586      827,748

1,192,412      1,402,838

**3,422,998      2,230,586**

**6,757,002      7,949,414**

Details are given in Annexure-B with the report.

**5.00 Inventories:**

Finished Goods (Note 5.01)

Packing & Consumable Stores (Note 5.02)

**Total**

453,829,483      448,379,222

6,586,719      7,580,884

**460,416,202      455,960,106**

**5.01 Finished Goods:**

Qty in Kgs

Galda

Bagda

Others

**Total**

195,381      251,260,392      279,148,992

226,807      199,345,673      167,287,450

7,920      3,223,418      1,942,780

**453,829,483      448,379,222**

**5.02 Packing & Consumable Stores:**

Master & Inner Cartoons

Electrical

Hardware

Chemicals

Stationery

Diesel & Lubricants

Cleaning Materials

**Total**

3,922,919      5,144,801

387,663      219,043

731,986      733,938

560,688      408,790

146,583      145,649

787,247      918,842

49,634      9,820

**6,586,719      7,580,884**

Inventories are valued at the lower of weighted average cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises direct costs and where appropriate, a proportion of attributable production overheads. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.



**6.00 Advances, Deposits & Pre-payments:**

	Amount in Taka	
	30-Jun-2024	30-Jun-2023
Employee Advances	3,591,160	2,369,047
Advance to Suppliers	294,286,467	215,529,614
Advance Income Tax (Note-6.01)	23,797,783	13,493,420
<b>Deposits:</b>		
Security Deposit-T & T Board against Telex	131,350	131,350
Security Deposit-Sadharan Bima Corporation against CAD	10,000	10,000
Security Deposit-PDB against New Transformer	231,000	231,000
Security Deposit-Linde Bangladesh Ltd.	28,000	28,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>322,075,760</b>	<b>231,792,431</b>

Advance: These advances are un-secured but good and subsequently realized and/or adjusted.

Deposits: These balances represent security deposits made by the Company for electric connection, T&T Board, Insurance and Oxygen purposes.

In the opinion of the Directors, all current assets, investments, loans and advances are on realization in the ordinary course of business, a value at least equal to the amounts at which they are stated in the There is no claim against the Company, which can be acknowledged as debt.

No amount was due by the Directors (including Managing Director) and managing agents of the Company and any of them severally or jointly with any other person.

**6.01 Advance Income Tax:**

<b>Opening Balance</b>	13,493,420	5,247,280
Add: Addition during the year (Note-6.01.1)	10,304,363	8,246,140
	<b>23,797,783</b>	<b>13,493,420</b>
Less: Adjusted during the year	-	-
<b>Closing Balance</b>	<b>23,797,783</b>	<b>13,493,420</b>

**6.01.1 Details of addition of AIT is as follows:**

AIT deducted against Export as Turnover	5,593,397	4,773,440
AIT deducted against Cash Incentive as Turnover	4,580,859	3,246,700
AIT deducted against Import & Others	130,107	226,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>10,304,363</b>	<b>8,246,140</b>

**7.00 Bills Receivable:**

**A. Shrimp Sales**

<b>Opening Balance</b>	16,504,732	13,488,554
Add: Additions during the period/year	617,274,043	743,765,636
	<b>633,778,775</b>	<b>757,254,190</b>
Less: Received during the period/year	563,771,749	740,749,458
	<b>70,007,026</b>	<b>16,504,732</b>

**B. Cash incentive:**

<b>Opening Balance</b>	32,560,011	32,270,275
Add: Prior year adjustment (Note:7.01)	16,140,291	-
Add: Additions during the year	38,115,072	32,756,736
	<b>86,815,374</b>	<b>65,027,011</b>
Less: Received during the year	45,808,590	32,467,000
	<b>41,006,784</b>	<b>32,560,011</b>
<b>Total (A+B)</b>	<b>111,013,810</b>	<b>49,064,743</b>

The above amounts are unsecured but good and have been subsequently realized. No provision was made for bad debt during the period under review. No amount was due by the Directors (including Managing Director) or any other official of the Company.

Aging of the above bills receivable is given below:

Particulars	Up to 1 Month	1-3 months	3 months to above	6 months to above	Total
Export	-	1,044,574	-	68,962,452	70,007,026
Cash Incentive	1,394,993	5,724,705	27,252,782	6,634,304	41,006,784
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,394,993</b>	<b>6,769,279</b>	<b>27,252,782</b>	<b>75,596,756</b>	<b>111,013,810</b>

Amount in Taka	
30-Jun-2024	30-Jun-2023

**7.01 Prior year adjustment (Cash Incentive)**

**Impact on the Financial Statements:**

In accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 8 - "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors," the company has determined it necessary to restate the opening retained earnings in the Balance Sheet for the half yearly financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2023 related to bills receivables (Cash Incentive amounting Tk. 1,61,40,291 from the prior year. This adjustment has a direct impact on both the statement of Financial Position and the Statement of Changes in Equity.

The restatement affects the reported equity section, specifically the retained earnings figure in the statement of Financial Position.

The Statement of Changes in Equity reflects the correction made to the opening balance of retained earnings, highlighting the adjustment made during the

**Impact of Restatement in the financial statements (Restated Opening Balances):**

Particulars	As previously reported	Prior Year Adjustment	Restated Amount
Bills receivable (Cash Incentive)	32,560,011	16,140,291	<b>48,700,302</b>
Retained earnings	91,771,616	16,140,291	<b>107,911,907</b>

**Explanation of Adjustment:**

The adjustment of Taka 16,140,291 has been added to the Cash Incentive under Bills Receivable to correct the omission in the financial statements.

**Reasons for the rearrangements are:**

The decision to restate the retained earnings is based on the following reasons:

A thorough review of our financial records revealed an omission in the recognition or reporting of bills receivable from the prior year. To ensure the accuracy of our financial statements, we are making the necessary adjustments to correct this oversight.

To maintaining the highest standards of financial reporting and compliance with accounting principles necessitates this restatement. We are aligning our financial statements with applicable accounting standards to provide a true and fair view of the company's financial position.

In an effort to enhance comparability between different reporting periods, we are restating the retained earnings. This ensures that stakeholders can make meaningful comparisons and understand the true financial performance and position of the company.

**8.00 Cash & Bank Balances:**

Cash in Hand (including all Depots)	24,000,551	31,708,745
<b>Cash at Bank</b>		
Bangladesh Krishi Bank Ltd., Khulna Br., CD A/C No. 1301-0210007431	15,743,204	16,426,222
Bangladesh Krishi Bank Ltd., Khulna, Retention Quota A/C No. 002	30,313	30,313
Prime Bank Ltd., Satmosjid Road Br., CD A/C No. 2127112010636	197,597	198,437
Dutch-Bangla Bank Ltd., Satmosjid Road Br., CD A/C No. 017111000003270	2,639,466	52,596
United Commercial Bank Ltd., Principal Br., STD A/C No. 001330100000264	7,996,631	7,918,193
Modhumofi Bank Ltd., Motijheel Br., CD A/C No. 110111100000483	86,542	87,232
Dhaka Bank Ltd. Dhanmondi Br. STD A/C # 2261500000819	489,534	217,344
Bank Asia Ltd., Satmosjid Road Br., A/C No. 06933000723	208,605	254,468
Bank Asia Ltd., Khulna Br., A/C No. 02533002637	2,203,997	4,608,527
<b>Total</b>	<b>53,596,441</b>	<b>61,502,077</b>

The bank balances have been confirmed and reconciled with respective bank statements.



Amount in Taka	
30-Jun-2024	30-Jun-2023

**9.00 Share Capital**

**Authorized Capital:**

40,000,000 Ordinary Shares of Tk. 10.00 each

400,000,000      400,000,000

400,000,000      400,000,000

**Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up:**

6,105,206 Ordinary Shares of Tk. 10.00 each fully paid-up

61,052,060      61,052,060

**Movement of Share Capital**

**Opening Balance**

61,052,060      46,963,120

Add: Bonus share issued

45,789,040      14,088,940

10,684,110 Ordinary Shares of Tk. 10.00 each fully paid-up

106,841,100      61,052,060

**Split of Face Value of Share:**

A special resolution is passed and duly certified from R.JSC dated 02 November, 2011 that the Company's face value of share is reduced from Tk. 100 to Tk. 10.

**Shareholding Position is as follows:**

Sl. No.	Name of shareholders	Percentage of Shareholdings		Number of Shares	
		30-06-2024	30-06-2023	30-06-2024	30-06-2023
1	Directors/Sponsors	30.01%	30.01%	3,206,237	1,832,137
2	Financial Institutions	13.02%	9.65%	1,391,071	589,273
3	Foreign	0.37%	0.42%	39,531	25,677
4	General Public	56.60%	59.92%	6,047,271	3,658,119
<b>Total</b>		<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>10,684,110</b>	<b>6,105,206</b>

**Details of the Shareholding is given below**

The distribution schedule showing the number of Shareholders and their shareholding in percentage has been disclosed below as the requirement of the "Listing Regulation" of Dhaka Stock Exchange Limited.

Range of holdings in number of Shares	No. of Shareholders		Holding %	
	30-06-2024	30-06-2023	30-06-2024	30-06-2023
Less than 500 shares	7,168	3,658	8.23%	6.43%
500 to 5,000 shares	2,537	1,019	33.02%	24.22%
5,001 to 10,000 shares	155	63	10.29%	7.25%
10,001 to 20,000 shares	46	31	5.95%	7.42%
20,001 to 30,000 shares	18	17	4.28%	6.86%
30,001 to 40,000 shares	5	5	1.61%	3.06%
40,001 to 50,000 shares	5	1	2.20%	0.67%
50,001 to 100,000 shares	3	6	1.68%	6.38%
100,001 to 1,000,000 shares	7	9	21.74%	37.71%
1,000,001 to 10,000,000 shares	1	-	11.00%	0.00%
10,000,001 to above shares	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>9,945</b>	<b>4,809</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>

**Option on Un-Issued Shares**

There is no option regarding the authorized capital not yet issued but can be used to increase the paid-up capital through the issuance of new shares against cash contribution and bonus.

**Market Price**

These shares are listed in Dhaka Stock Exchange Ltd. As on 30 June, 2024 each share was quoted at Tk. 240.40 at Dhaka Stock Exchange Ltd.



	Amount in Taka	
	30-Jun-2024	30-Jun-2023
<b>10.00 Retained Earnings:</b>		
<b>Opening Balance</b>	91,771,616	14,538,549
Add: Prior year adjustment	16,140,291	-
Add: Profit during the period	49,906,717	94,438,211
Less: Cash dividend	(8,546,138)	(3,116,204)
Less: Stock dividend	(45,789,040)	(14,088,940)
<b>Closing Balance</b>	<b>103,483,446</b>	<b>91,771,616</b>
<b>11.00 Deferred Tax Liabilities:</b>		
<b>Balance as on 01 July 23</b>	2,119,393	2,548,298
Add: (Reduction)/addition during the period/year	(725,797)	(428,904)
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,393,596</b>	<b>2,119,393</b>
Details are given in Annexure-C.		
<b>12.00 Long Term Loan-Non-Current Maturity:</b>		
<b>Non-Current Maturity</b>		
BKB, Khulna Br. A/C No. 1301-0134004427	10,537,920	15,360,480
	<b>10,537,920</b>	<b>15,360,480</b>
<b>12.01 Current Maturity</b>		
BKB, Khulna Br. A/C No. 1301-0134004427	5,388,900	14,718,292
<b>Sub-Total</b>	<b>5,388,900</b>	<b>14,718,292</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>15,926,820</b>	<b>30,078,772</b>
Bank Name: Bangladesh Krishi Bank.Khulna Corporate Br. A/C No. 1301-0134004427		
Nature: Term loan		
Sanction Limit: 5,00,00,000		
Term: 12 months		
Interest Rate: 13.00% (Variable)		
Security: Land		
<b>13.00 Short Term Loan</b>		
Bangladesh Krishi Bank Ltd., Khulna Br., CC Hypo A/C No.130-0134003222	650,031,424	569,273,693
Foreign Bill Purchase, A/C No. 1301- 1017000777	-	300,191
Foreign Bill Purchase, A/C No. 1301- 1017000768	-	3,330,512
Foreign Bill Purchase, A/C No. 1301- 1017001132	17,156,312	-
Foreign Bill Purchase, A/C No. 1301- 1017001356	15,806,194	-
Foreign Bill Purchase, A/C No. 1301- 1017001365	7,186,275	-
Cash Incentive , A/C No. 1301 1058000904	-	2,237,188
Cash Incentive , A/C No. 1301 1058000931	-	9,612,737
Cash Incentive , A/C No. 1301 1058000977	-	9,708,940
Cash Incentive , A/C No. 1301 1058001010	-	3,883,418
Cash Incentive , A/C No. 1301 1058001190	17,845,606	-
Cash Incentive , A/C No. 1301 1058001207	1,612,326	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>709,638,136</b>	<b>598,346,678</b>
Bank Name: Bangladesh Krishi Bank Ltd., Khulna Br., A/C No.130-0134003222		
Nature: CC Hypo (Working Capital)		
Sanction Limit: 630,000,000		
Expiry Date: 31-12-2024		
Interest Rate: 13.00% (Variable)		
Renewal Status: Renewed		
Security: 1.30 acre land at factory premises, factory building, plant & machineries, inventories and		
Bank Name: Bangladesh Krishi Bank Ltd., Khulna Br., A/C No. 1301-1017000777		
Nature: Foreign Bill Purchase (FBP)		
Sanction Limit: 3,40,35,600		
Interest Rate: 10.10% (Variable)		
Security: Personal Guarrantee		
Bank Name: Bangladesh Krishi Bank Ltd., Khulna Br., A/C No. 1301-1017000768		
Nature: Foreign Bill purchase		
Sanction Limit: 3,60,01,800		
Interest Rate: 10.10% (Variable)		
Security: Personal Guarrantee		



Amount in Taka	
30-Jun-2024	30-Jun-2023

Bank Name: Bangladesh Krishi Bank Ltd., Khulna Br., A/C No. 1301- 1017001132  
Nature: Foreign Bill purchase  
Sanction Limit: 2,72,26,661  
Interest Rate: 13.0% (Variable)  
Security: Personal Guarrantee

Bank Name: Bangladesh Krishi Bank Ltd., Khulna Br., A/C No. 1301- 1017001356  
Nature: Foreign Bill purchase  
Sanction Limit:158,06,193.6  
Interest Rate: 0.0% (Variable)  
Security: Personal Guarrantee

Bank Name: Bangladesh Krishi Bank Ltd., Khulna Br., A/C No. 1301- 1017001365  
Nature: Foreign Bill purchase  
Sanction Limit: 71,86,275.0  
Interest Rate: 0.0% (Variable)  
Security: Personal Guarrantee

Bank Name: Bangladesh Krishi Bank Ltd., Khulna Br., A/C No. 1301-1058000904  
Nature: Cash Incentive Loan  
Sanction Limit: 70% of Export  
Interest Rate: 10.10% (Variable)  
Security: Cash incentive.

Bank Name: Bangladesh Krishi Bank Ltd., Khulna Br., A/C No. 1301 1058000931  
Nature: Cash Incentive Loan  
Sanction Limit: 70% of Export  
Interest Rate: 11.89% (Variable)  
Security: Cash incentive.

Bank Name: Bangladesh Krishi Bank Ltd., Khulna Br., A/C No. 1301 1058000977  
Nature: Cash Incentive Loan  
Sanction Limit: 70% of Export  
Interest Rate: 11.89% (Variable)  
Security: Cash incentive.

Bank Name: Bangladesh Krishi Bank Ltd., Khulna Br., A/C No. 1301 1058001010  
Nature: Cash Incentive Loan  
Sanction Limit: 70% of Export  
Interest Rate: 11.89% (Variable)  
Security: Cash incentive.

Bank Name: Bangladesh Krishi Bank Ltd., Khulna Br., A/C No. 1301 1058001190  
Nature: Cash Incentive Loan  
Sanction Limit: 70% of Export  
Interest Rate: 13.0% (Variable)  
Security: Cash incentive.

Bank Name: Bangladesh Krishi Bank Ltd., Khulna Br., A/C No. 1301 1058001207  
Nature: Cash Incentive Loan  
Sanction Limit: 70% of Export  
Interest Rate: 13.0% (Variable)  
Security: Cash incentive.

**14.00 Trading Liabilities**

Advance from Lenk (LSFL)	25,179,663	47,396,849
Dhoni Fish	1,171,378	1,371,378
Hazi Fish	8,466,936	4,599,038
Mosaddek Hossain Mahy	-	169141.5
Nasim	1,725,888	2,285,484
Sheik Enterprise	-	1,412,454
Dream Land	485,064	815,064
M/S Tungipara Enterprise	-	409,260
M/S Dhrubo Enterprise	1,355	1,355
Gemcon Agro	107,685	105,910
Islam Enterprise	1,620	1,620
Nalta Ahsania Fish	-	168,154



cont...



	Amount in Taka	
	30-Jun-2024	30-Jun-2023
Mayer Doa	190	190
Zico Fish	11,185	11,185
SNKBUSL	-	-
Rana Fish	1,117,773	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>38,268,735</b>	<b>58,747,081</b>

Shrimps are purchased directly from the Shrimps cultivators i.e. the owner of the Gher and price are fixed after bargaining on the respective day of the purchase. All suppliers were paid on a regular basis.

**15.00 Liabilities for Expenses:**

Electricity Bill	2,114,222	1,607,890
Audit Fees	250,000	250,000
Corporate Governance Audit Fees	87,500	87,500
Director Remuneration	900,000	-
Salary & Wages	5,132,856	5,520,810
Provision for VAT	43,125	113,250
Provision for Tax	44,150	107,687
Sea Freight & Others	2,007,598	1,095,680
<b>Total</b>	<b>10,579,451</b>	<b>8,782,817</b>

Most of the outstanding liabilities have subsequently been paid;

No liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position are at a value less than the amount at which it is repayable at the date of the Statement of Financial Position.

**16.00 Unclaimed dividend :**

<b>Opening balance</b>	219,280	137,355
Add: During the year 2023	8,546,138	3,116,204
Add: Sales of Fractional Shares	1,227,564	-
Less: Transfer to CMSF	-	71,042
Less: Paid during the year	9,504,497	2,963,237
<b>Closing Balance</b>	<b>488,486</b>	<b>219,280</b>

Payable for cash dividend represents both un-claimed and un-paid dividend to shareholders.

**17.00 Provision for Tax:**

<b>Opening Balance</b>	20,496,094	7,676,643
Addition during the year	13,100,917	12,819,451
	<b>33,597,011</b>	<b>20,496,094</b>
Adjustment made during the year	-	-
<b>Closing Balance</b>	<b>33,597,011</b>	<b>20,496,094</b>

**18.00 Workers' Profit Participation Fund:**

<b>Opening Balance</b>	8,992,152	3,650,714
Add: Addition during the period/year	3,114,092	5,341,438
	<b>12,106,244</b>	<b>8,992,152</b>
Less: Paid during the period/year	3,650,714	-
<b>Closing Balance</b>	<b>8,455,530</b>	<b>8,992,152</b>



	Amount in Taka	
	30-Jun-2024	30-Jun-2023
<b>19.00 Revenue:</b>		
Shrimp Sales	534,546,140	470,165,636
Local Sale	109,954,564	273,600,000
Cash Incentive	39,855,586	32,756,736
<b>Total</b>	<b>684,356,290</b>	<b>776,522,372</b>
<b>Sales Return</b>		
Export Return	27,226,661	-
Subsidy Return	1,740,514	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>28,967,175</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Net Revenue</b>	<b>655,389,115</b>	<b>776,522,372</b>
<b>20.00 Cost of Goods Sold:</b>		
Opening Stock of Packing & Consumable Stores	7,580,884	10,462,061
Raw Material Consumed	429,990,672	576,160,948
Direct Expenses (Note-20.01)	23,125,768	19,621,798
Manufacturing Overhead (Note-20.02)	37,374,544	31,470,428
	<b>498,071,867</b>	<b>637,715,235</b>
Less: Closing Stock of Packing & Consumable Stores	6,586,719	7,580,884
	<b>491,485,148</b>	<b>630,134,351</b>
Opening Finished Goods	448,379,222	391,540,256
Finished Goods available for Sale	<b>939,864,370</b>	<b>1,021,674,607</b>
Less: Closing Finished Goods	453,829,483	448,379,222
<b>Total</b>	<b>486,034,887</b>	<b>573,295,385</b>
<b>20.01 Direct Expenses:</b>		
Wages & Labour Charges	23,125,768	19,621,798
<b>Total</b>	<b>23,125,768</b>	<b>19,621,798</b>
<b>20.02 Manufacturing Overhead:</b>		
Carriage Inward	64,964	86,092
Electricity & Power	18,235,753	15,038,278
Diesel & Lubricants	4,728,715	3,836,399
Consumable Materials	12,612,404	10,823,872
Depreciation	1,732,707	1,685,787
<b>Total</b>	<b>37,374,544</b>	<b>31,470,428</b>



		Amount in Taka	
		30-Jun-2024	30-Jun-2023
<b>21.00</b>	<b>Administrative Expenses:</b>		
	Salary & Allowances	9,713,621	9,753,099
	Director Remuneration	3,600,000	3,600,000
	Printing & Stationery	8,066	31,334
	Entertainment	15,071	7,790
	Traveling & Conveyance	58,255	51,570
	Car Expenses	177,722	198,165
	Meeting Expenses	80,000	85,000
	Postage & Telegram	63,995	27,650
	Telephone & Mobile bill	136,363	137,404
	Renewal Fees	2,854,717	3,625,879
	Audit Fees	500,000	250,000
	Corporate Governance Audit Fees	87,500	87,500
	Repairs & Maintenance	141,587	620,795
	Insurance Premium	1,228,734	1,602,126
	Electricity Bill	184,200	148,560
	Miscellaneous Expenses	54,486	147,500
	VAT Expenses	-	113,250
	Tax Expenses	-	107,687
	Depreciation	1,417,670	1,379,280
	Amortization of Intangible Assets	1,192,412	1,402,838
	Business Development	600,000	-
	<b>Total</b>	<b>22,114,399</b>	<b>23,377,427</b>
<b>22.00</b>	<b>Selling &amp; Distribution Expenses:</b>		
	Sea Freight	12,817,025	12,805,218
	Inspection Expenses	1,963,636	1,228,684
	Sales Commission	2,405,953	2,680,887
	<b>Total</b>	<b>17,186,614</b>	<b>16,714,789</b>
<b>23.00</b>	<b>Other Income:</b>		
	Bank Interest	129,246	120,603
	Wastage Sales & Others	13,853,522	6,914,198
	<b>Total</b>	<b>13,982,768</b>	<b>7,034,801</b>
<b>24.00</b>	<b>Financial Expenses:</b>		
	Cash Credit Pledge A/C No. 1301-0135000018	-	13,501,160
	Cash Credit Hypo A/C No. 1301-0134003222	68,797,897	33,763,390
	Cash Credit Hypo A/C No. 1301-0134004427	2,444,311	3,555,010
	Cash Incentive , A/C No. 1301 1058000904	115,940	204,513
	Cash Incentive , A/C No. 1301 1058000922	-	64,323
	Cash Incentive , A/C No. 1301 1058000977	1,083,258	408,940
	Cash Incentive , A/C No. 1301 1058001010	433,119	143,418
	Cash Incentive A/C No. 1301-1058000931	1,049,464	631,737
	Cash Incentive , A/C No. 1301 1058001190	70,606	-
	Cash Incentive , A/C No. 1301 1058001207	2,326	-
	Foreign Bill Purchase, A/C No. 1301- 1017000777	2,208	1,555,752
	Foreign Bill Purchase, A/C No. 1301- 1017000768	26,463	1,845,151
	Foreign Bill Purchase, A/C No. 1301- 1017001132	2,729,023	-
	Interest against L/C at Sight	199,382	747,387
	Bank Charges & Commission	929,567	769,666
	Bill Negotiation & FCC Charges	756,490	778,104
	Lease Financial Expenses	-	30,824
	<b>Total</b>	<b>78,640,054</b>	<b>57,999,375</b>
<b>25.00</b>	<b>Contribution to Workers' Profit Participation Fund:</b>		
	This represents 5% of the net profit after charging such contribution but before tax contribution by the Company as per provisions of Bangladesh Labour Act (Amendments), 2013.		
<b>26.00</b>	<b>Income Tax Expenses:</b>		
	Current Tax (Note-26.01.1)	10,304,363	12,819,451
	Current tax on other income (Note-26.01.2)	2,796,554	-
	Deferred Tax (Note-26.02)	(725,797)	(428,904)
	<b>Total</b>	<b>12,375,120</b>	<b>12,390,547</b>



		Amount in Taka	
		30-Jun-2024	30-Jun-2023
<b>26.01</b>	<b>Current Tax:</b>		
	AIT deducted against Export	5,593,397	4,773,440
	AIT deducted against Cash Incentive	4,580,859	3,246,700
	AIT deducted against Import & Others	130,107	1,582,830
	<b>Total</b>	<b>10,304,363</b>	<b>9,602,970</b>
<b>26.01.1</b>	<b>Calculation of Current Tax:</b>		
	AIT against Export, Incentive and Others	10,304,363	9,602,970
	Corporate Tax on 12%(SRO 158 AIN/INCOME TAX 2022)	5,795,888	12,819,451
	Turnover Tax is 0.60%	4,016,231	4,659,134
	<b>Current Tax is Higher on the above, so current tax is</b>	<b>10,304,363</b>	<b>12,819,451</b>
<b>26.01.2</b>	<b>Current Tax on Other Income:</b>		
	Bank Interest @ 20%	25,849	27,136
	Wastage Sales @ 20%	2,770,704	1,555,695
	<b>Total</b>	<b>2,796,554</b>	<b>1,582,830</b>
<b>26.02</b>	<b>Deferred Tax:</b>		
	Closing Deferred Tax Liabilities	1,393,596	2,119,393
	Opening Deferred Tax Liabilities	2,119,393	2,548,298
		<b>(725,797)</b>	<b>(428,904)</b>
<b>27.00</b>	<b>Earnings Per Share (EPS):</b>		
	The Computation of EPS is given below:		
	Earning attributable to the Shareholders (net profit after tax)	49,906,717	94,438,211
	Weighted average number of Shares	10,684,110	10,684,110
	<b>Earnings Per Share (EPS)</b>	<b>4.67</b>	<b>8.84</b>
	The EPS has been decreased from 8.84 to 4.67 compared to previous period. The reason is mainly reduced GP% than the previous period and decreased revenue then the previous period.		
<b>28.00</b>	<b>Net Asset Value (NAV) per Share:</b>		
	The Computation of NAV is given below:		
	Net Assets	210,324,546	152,823,676
	Number of Shares outstanding during the period	10,684,110	10,684,110
	<b>Net Asset Value per Share (NAV)</b>	<b>19.69</b>	<b>14.30</b>
	NAV has been increased from 14.30 to 19.69 due to earned profit during the period.		
<b>29.00</b>	<b>Net Operating Cash Flows per Share (NOCFPS):</b>		
	The Computation of NOCPS is given below:		
	Net Cash Generated from Operating Activities	(101,418,842)	1,236,908
	Weighted average number of Shares	10,684,110	10,684,110
	<b>Net Operating Cash Flows per Share (NOCFPS)</b>	<b>(9.49)</b>	<b>0.12</b>
	The significant decrease in NOCFPS is mainly increased of accounts receivable and advance payments to suppliers than the previous-period.		
<b>30.00</b>	<b>Related Notes for Statement of Cash Flows:</b>		
	<b>Collection from Customers &amp; Others:</b>		
	Turnover from P/L	655,389,115	776,522,372
	Change in Accounts Receivable	(45,808,776)	(3,305,914)
	Non operating income	13,982,768	6,914,198
		<b>623,563,107</b>	<b>780,130,656</b>



	Amount in Taka	
	30-Jun-2024	30-Jun-2023
<b>31.00 Cash Flows from Operating Activities (Indirect Method):</b>		
<b>Net Profit/(Loss) after Tax</b>	49,906,717	94,438,211
(As per Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income)		
<b>Add/(Less) Adjustments:</b>	<b>(151,325,559)</b>	<b>(93,201,304)</b>
Depreciation	4,342,789	4,467,905
Change in Inventories	(4,456,096)	(53,957,789)
Change in Advances, Deposits & Pre-payments	(93,934,043)	(75,243,142)
Change in Bills Receivable	(45,808,776)	(3,305,914)
Change in Deferred Tax Liabilities	(725,797)	(428,904)
Change in Trading Liabilities	(20,478,346)	22,754,601
Change in Liabilities for Expenses	1,796,634	(2,614,671)
Change in Unclaimed dividend	(8,276,932)	81,925
Change in Provision for Tax	13,100,917	12,819,451
Workers' Profit Participation Fund	3,114,092	5,341,438
<b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</b>	<b>(101,418,842)</b>	<b>1,236,908</b>
(As per Statement of Cash Flows)		

**32.00 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash or cash equivalents:**

Foreign Currency Transaction (Exchange Fluctuations and gains or Losses): Transaction in foreign currencies are recorded in the books at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies at the date of Statement of Financial Position are translated into taka at the exchange rate prevailing at that date. Exchange differences arising on the statements of monetary items or on the translating monetary items at the end of the reporting period are recognized in profit and loss account as per IAS 21: the effects of changes in foreign exchange rates.

But there is no foreign exchange gain or loss arises during the period as the export bills are negotiated with the Bangladesh Krishi Bank Limited on the date of receipt. The length of the trade receivables are maximum 60 (Sixty) days and these are considered good and subsequently realized in full.

**33.00 Related party transactions**

As Gemini Sea Food PLC have no related party transactions since long so it did not separately disclosed in the financial statements.

**34.00 Calculation of deferred tax expenses**

The provision of deferred tax income/expenses is made to pay/adjust future income tax liability/assets due to accumulated temporary differences. This has been raised mainly fair valuation of investment as per IAS 12. The details are given below:

**Deferred Tax Liability : Tk.**

**(a) Deferred Tax Liability is arrived at as follows:**

Book Value of Depreciable Fixed Assets	81,570,098	82,286,587
Less: Tax Base	69,956,794	64,624,984
Taxable temporary difference	11,613,304	17,661,603
Effective Tax Rate	<b>12.00%</b>	<b>12.00%</b>
<b>Deferred Tax Liability</b>	<b>1,393,596</b>	<b>2,119,392</b>

**(b) Deferred Tax expenses is arrived at as follows:**

Closing Deferred Tax Liabilities	1,393,596	2,119,392
Opening Deferred Tax Liabilities	2,119,393	2,548,298
<b>Deferred Tax (Income) / Expense</b>	<b>(725,797)</b>	<b>(428,905)</b>



**35.00 Finance Lease Commitment**

As at 30-06-2024, there was no lease commitment under finance lease other than disclosed in the financial statements.

**36.00 Claim not Acknowledged as Debt**

There was no claim against the company acknowledged as debt as on 30 June, 2024.

**37.00 Related Party Transactions**

The Company has no related party transactions as per IAS-24 "Related Party Disclosures" except executive compensation received by Managing Director and Independent Director for the year ended 30 June, 2024.

Name of the Directors	Designation	Remuneration	Meeting Fees	Total
Mrs. Ameenah Ahmed	Chairperson	-	-	-
Mr. Kazi Inam Ahmed	Managing Director	3,600,000	-	3,600,000
Mr. Kazi Nabil Ahmed	Director	-	-	-
Dr. Kazi Anis Ahmed	Director	-	-	-
Mr. Hedayet Ullah Chowdhury	Independent Director	-	80,000	80,000
<b>Total</b>		<b>3,600,000</b>	<b>80,000</b>	<b>3,680,000</b>

Compensation package of key management personnel:

Particulars	Amount
Short-term employee benefit	3,680,000
Post employee benefit	-
Other long-term benefit	-
Termination benefit	-
Share-based payment	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,680,000</b>

Details break-down of related party transaction:

a) The amount of transactions:

Name of Party	Relation/Basis of Control	Purpose
Mr. Kazi Inam Ahmed	Managing Director	Executive Compensation
Mr. Hedayet Ullah Chowdhury	Independent Director	Meeting Fees

b) The amount of outstanding Balance:

Name of Party	Outstanding Balance	Terms & Condition
Mr. Kazi Inam Ahmed	Nil	Nil
Mr. Hedayet Ullah Chowdhury	Nil	Nil

c) Provision for doubtful debts related to the amount of outstanding balance:

Name of Party	Outstanding Balance	Provision for Doubtful Debts
Mr. Kazi Inam Ahmed	Nil	Nil
Mr. Hedayet Ullah Chowdhury	Nil	Nil

d) The expenses recognized as bad or doubtful debts:

Name of Party	Outstanding Balance	Bad or Doubtful Debts
Mr. Kazi Inam Ahmed	Nil	Nil
Mr. Hedayet Ullah Chowdhury	Nil	Nil

(a) no compensation was made to the Managing Director of the company except as stated in above.

(b) no amount was spent by the Company for compensating any member of the Board of Directors except as stated in above.

**38.00 Attendance Status of Board Meeting of Directors:**

During the year ended 30 June, 2024 there were seven Board Meetings were held. The attendance status of all the meetings is as follows:

Name of the Directors	Designation	Meeting held	Attendance
Mrs. Ameenah Ahmed	Chairperson	16	16
Mr. Kazi Inam Ahmed	Managing Director	16	16
Mr. Kazi Nabil Ahmed	Director	16	16
Dr. Kazi Anis Ahmed	Director	16	16
Mr. Hedayet Ullah Chowdhury	Independent Director	16	16

**39.00 Payment/Perquisites to Directors**

During the year no other compensation was allowed by the Company to the Directors except executive compensation received by Managing Director and Independent Director.

No amount of money was expended by the Company for compensating any member of the board special services rendered other than the above.

**40.00 Audit Fees**

Auditors remuneration comprises annual audit fees only.

**41.00 Un-availed Credit Facilities**

There are no credit facilities available to the Company under any contract (other than credit available in ordinary course of business) at the Statement of Financial Position date .

**42.00 Contingent Liabilities**

The company has no significant contingent liability.

**43.00 Internal Control**

The following steps have been taken for implementation of an effective internal control procedure of the company:

- a. A strong internal control and compliance division has been formed with a view to establish a well designated system of internal control;
- b. Regular review of internal audit reports with a view to implement the suggestion of internal auditors in respect of internal control technique;
- c. To establish an effective management system that includes planning, organizing and supervising culture in the factory as well as at head office.

**44.00 Segment Reporting**

As there is single business and geographic segment within the company operates as such no segment reporting is felt necessary.

**45.00 General:**

- i. All the figures in the financial statements represent Bangladeshi taka currency (BDT) rounded off to the nearest figure.
- ii. The comparative information has been disclosed for the period ended 30 June, 2024 for all numerical information in the financial statements and also the narrative and descriptive information as found relevant for understanding of the current years financial statements.
- iii To facilitate comparison, certain relevance balances pertaining to the previous year have been rearranged or reclassified whenever considered necessary to conform to current year presentation.

**46.00 Events after Reporting Period**

The board of the directors of the company in their meeting held on 13 November, 2024 has proposed dividend 7.5% stock and 7.5% cash (excluding Director's share) for the year ended 30 June, 2024.

**47.00 Financial Risk Measurement**

The management of Company has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. Risk management policies, procedures and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company has exposure to the following risks for its use of financial instruments.

- Credit risk;
- Liquidity risk;
- Market risk;
- Currency risk.



**Credit risk**

Credit risk is the risk of a financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises principally from the Company's receivables. Management has a credit policy in place and exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. Risk exposures from other financial assets, i.e. cash at bank and other external receivables are nominal.

**Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity (cash and cash equivalents) is to ensure as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient cash and cash equivalent to meet expected operational expenses including financial obligations through preparation of the cash flow forecast with due consideration of time line of payment of the financial obligation and accordingly arrange for sufficient liquidity/fund to make the expected payment within due date.

**Market risk**

Market is the risk that any change in market prices such as foreign exchange rates and interest will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings financial instruments. The objective of the market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters.

**Currency risk**

The Company is exposed to currency risk on certain revenues and purchases such as revenue from foreign customers and import of raw materials, machineries and equipment. Majority of the Company's foreign currency transactions are denominated in USD and relate to procurement of raw materials, machineries and equipment from abroad.





**48.00 Disclosure as per requirement of Schedule XI, Part II of the Companies Act, 1994:**

**A. Disclosure as per requirement of Schedule XI, Part II, Note 5 of Para 3:**

Employee position of the Company as at 30 June, 2024:

Salary (Monthly)	Officer & Staff		Worker	Total Employees
	Factory	Head Office		
Below Tk. 5,000/-	-	-	-	-
Above Tk. 5,000/-	16	5	57	78
<b>for the period ended 30-06-2024</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>78</b>
<b>for the year ended 30-06-2023</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>76</b>

**B. Disclosure as per requirement of Schedule XI, Part II, Para 4:**

Name of Directors	Designation	Remuneration	Meeting Fees	Total payment on 30-06-2024	Total payment on 30-06-2023
Mrs. Ameenah Ahmed	Chairman	-	-	-	-
Mr. Kazi Inam Ahmed	Managing Director	3,600,000	-	3,600,000	3,600,000
Mr. Kazi Nabil Ahmed	Director	-	-	-	-
Dr. Kazi Anis Ahmed	Director	-	-	-	-
Mr. Khandaker Habibuzzaman	Independent Director	-	-	-	480,000
Mr. Hedayet Ullah Chowdhury	Independent Director	-	80,000	80,000	-
<b>Total</b>		<b>3,600,000</b>	<b>80,000</b>	<b>3,680,000</b>	<b>4,080,000</b>

Period of payment to Directors is from 01 July, 2023 to 30 June, 2024.

The above Directors of the company did not take any benefit from the Company and the follows:

- a. Expenses reimbursed to the managing agent - Nil
- b. Commission or other remuneration payable separately to a managing agent or his associate-Nil
- c. Commission received or receivable by the managing agent or his associate as selling or buying agent of other concerns in respect of contracts entered into such concerns with the company-Nil
- d. The money value of the contracts for the sale or purchase of goods and materials or supply of services, enter into by the company with the managing agent or his associate during the financial year-Nil
- e. Any other perquisites or benefits in cash or in kind stating-Nil
- f. Other allowances and commission including guarantee commission-Nil

Pensions, etc.-

- 1) Pensions-Nil
- 2) Gratuities-Nil
- 3) Payment from Provident Fund-Nil
- 4) Compensation for loss of office-Nil
- 5) Consideration in connection with retirement from office-Nil



**GEMINI SEA FOOD PLC**  
**Schedule of Property, Plant & Equipment**  
AS AT 30 JUNE, 2024

Particulars	Cost		Rate %	Depreciation		Written down value as at 30 June, 2024
	Balance as at 01 July, 2023	Addition during the year		Balance as at 30 June, 2024	Charged during the year	
Land & Land Development	46,243,004	-	-	-	-	46,243,004
Plant & Machinery	87,870,906	3,495,000	10%	1,845,434	74,756,996	16,608,910
Building & Construction	18,799,360	-	5%	306,137	12,982,763	5,816,597
Electric Fittings	1,105,325	45,000	10%	45,678	739,227	411,098
Deep Tube Well	1,965,532	63,750	10%	39,353	1,675,107	354,175
Furniture & Fixture	816,308	-	5%	14,944	532,373	283,935
Vehicle	21,348,783	-	15%	652,180	17,653,096	3,695,687
Loose Tools	425,362	-	10%	765	418,474	6,888
Fire Fighting Equipment	10,250	-	10%	17	10,093	157
Office Equipment	3,741,368	22,550	15%	245,501	2,372,747	1,391,171
Laboratory Instrument	426,348	-	20%	368	424,874	1,474
<b>as at 30-06-2024</b>	<b>182,752,546</b>	<b>3,626,300</b>		<b>3,150,377</b>	<b>111,565,750</b>	<b>74,813,096</b>
<b>as at 30-06-2023</b>	<b>180,960,564</b>	<b>1,791,982</b>		<b>3,065,067</b>	<b>108,415,373</b>	<b>74,337,173</b>

Allocation of Depreciation: 01-07-23 to 30-06-24

Taka

1,732,707

Taka

1,685,787

Manufacturing A/c

(Depreciation expenses on Plant & Machinery considered as direct expenses)

Statement of Profit or Loss and  
Other Comprehensive Income

1,417,670

1,379,280

(Other than depreciation expenses on Plant & Machinery and Maintenance Equipment considered as indirect expenses)

**Total**

**3,150,377**

**3,065,067**



**Schedule of Intangible Assets**  
AS AT 30 JUNE, 2024

Particulars	Cost		Rate %	Balance as at 30 June, 2024	Depreciation		Balance as at 30 June, 2024	Written down value as at 30 June, 2024
	Balance as at 01 July, 2023	Addition during the year			Balance as at 01 July, 2023	Charged during the year		
IT Software	10,180,000	-	15%	10,180,000	2,230,586	1,192,412	3,422,998	6,757,002
as at 30-06-2024	10,180,000	-		10,180,000	2,230,586	1,192,412	3,422,998	6,757,002
as at 30-06-2023	10,180,000	-		10,180,000	827,748	1,402,838	2,230,586	7,651,311



Deferred Tax Expenses/(Income) 30 June, 2024:

Particulars	Carrying Amount	Tax Base	Tax Rate	12.00%
			Temporary Difference	DTL (+) / DTA (-)
<b>NON-CURRENT AND CURRENT ASSETS</b>				
Property, Plant & Equipment	81,570,098	69,956,794	11,613,304	1,393,596
Advances, Deposits & Pre-Payments	325,726,474	325,726,474	-	-
Bills Receivable	111,013,810	111,013,810	-	-
Inter Company Receivable	-	-	-	-
Closing Stock	460,416,202	460,416,202	-	-
Cash & Cash Equivalents	53,596,441	53,596,441	-	-
<b>EQUITY</b>				
Share Capital	106,841,100	106,841,100	-	-
<b>NON-CURRENT AND CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>				
Bank Overdraft	709,638,136	709,638,136	-	-
Trading Liabilities	38,268,735	38,268,735	-	-
Liabilities for Expenses	10,579,451	10,579,451	-	-
Liabilities for Dividend (Unclaimed & Unpaid Dividend)	488,486	488,486	-	-
<b>Deferred Tax Liability</b>				<b>1,393,596</b>

